



Brim Cup Hosta

Hosta 'Brim Cup'

Plant Height: 8 inches

Flower Height: 12 inches

Spread: 18 inches

Spacing: 15 inches

Sunlight: ● ●

Hardiness Zone: 3

Other Names: Plantain Lily, Funkia

Description:

Cupped, sea-green leaves have creamy variegation, extremely pretty; dainty white flowers rise from mounded foliage; a perfect plant for shade and woodland gardens

Ornamental Features

Brim Cup Hosta features dainty spikes of white tubular flowers rising above the foliage in mid summer. Its attractive small textured heart-shaped leaves remain bluish-green in color with showy creamy white variegation throughout the season.

Landscape Attributes

Brim Cup Hosta is a dense herbaceous perennial with tall flower stalks held atop a low mound of foliage. Its relatively fine texture sets it apart from other garden plants with less refined foliage.

This is a relatively low maintenance plant, and is best cleaned up in early spring before it resumes active growth for the season. It is a good choice for attracting hummingbirds to your yard. Gardeners should be aware of the following characteristic(s) that may warrant special consideration;

- Insects

Brim Cup Hosta is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Accent
- Mass Planting
- Border Edging
- General Garden Use



Brim Cup Hosta foliage
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder



Planting & Growing

Brim Cup Hosta will grow to be about 8 inches tall at maturity extending to 12 inches tall with the flowers, with a spread of 18 inches. When grown in masses or used as a bedding plant, individual plants should be spaced approximately 15 inches apart. Its foliage tends to remain low and dense right to the ground. It grows at a slow rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for approximately 10 years. As an herbaceous perennial, this plant will usually die back to the crown each winter, and will regrow from the base each spring. Be careful not to disturb the crown in late winter when it may not be readily seen!

This plant does best in partial shade to shade. It prefers to grow in average to moist conditions, and shouldn't be allowed to dry out. It is not particular as to soil type or pH. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution. This particular variety is an interspecific hybrid, and parts of it are known to be toxic to humans and animals, so care should be exercised in planting it around children and pets. It can be propagated by division; however, as a cultivated variety, be aware that it may be subject to certain restrictions or prohibitions on propagation.

